#### CORRECTED

# In the United States Court of Federal Claims

OFFICE OF SPECIAL MASTERS
No. 21-161V
UNPUBLISHED

BALTAZAR PEDRAZA,

Petitioner,

٧.

SECRETARY OF HEALTH AND HUMAN SERVICES,

Respondent.

Chief Special Master Corcoran

Filed: November 3, 2022

Special Processing Unit (SPU); Damages Decision Based on Proffer; Influenza (Flu) Vaccine; Shoulder Injury Related to Vaccine Administration (SIRVA)

Paul R. Brazil, Muller Brazil, LLP, Dresher, PA, for Petitioner.

Ronalda Elnetta Kosh, U.S. Department of Justice, Washington, DC, for Respondent.

## **DECISION AWARDING DAMAGES<sup>1</sup>**

On January 6, 2021, Baltazar Pedraza filed a petition for compensation under the National Vaccine Injury Compensation Program, 42 U.S.C. §300aa-10, et seq.² (the "Vaccine Act"). Petitioner alleges that he suffered a Table injury – Shoulder Injury Related to Vaccine Administration ("SIRVA") – as a result of his September 25, 2019 influenza ("flu") vaccine. Petition at 1. The case was assigned to the Special Processing Unit of the Office of Special Masters.

On June 23, 2022, a ruling on entitlement was issued, finding Petitioner entitled to compensation for SIRVA. On November 2, 2022, Respondent filed a proffer on award of compensation ("Proffer") indicating Petitioner should be awarded \$67,500.00 in pain and suffering. Proffer at 1-2. In the Proffer, Respondent represented that Petitioner agrees

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Because this unpublished Decision contains a reasoned explanation for the action in this case, I am required to post it on the United States Court of Federal Claims' website in accordance with the E-Government Act of 2002. 44 U.S.C. § 3501 note (2012) (Federal Management and Promotion of Electronic Government Services). **This means the Decision will be available to anyone with access to the internet.** In accordance with Vaccine Rule 18(b), Petitioner has 14 days to identify and move to redact medical or other information, the disclosure of which would constitute an unwarranted invasion of privacy. If, upon review, I agree that the identified material fits within this definition, I will redact such material from public access.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> National Childhood Vaccine Injury Act of 1986, Pub. L. No. 99-660, 100 Stat. 3755. Hereinafter, for ease of citation, all section references to the Vaccine Act will be to the pertinent subparagraph of 42 U.S.C. § 300aa (2012).

with the proffered award. *Id.* Based on the record as a whole, I find that Petitioner is entitled to an award as stated in the Proffer.

Pursuant to the terms stated in the attached Proffer, I award Petitioner a lump sum payment of \$67,500.00 (representing pain and suffering) in the form of a check payable to Petitioner. This amount represents compensation for all damages that would be available under Section 15(a).

The Clerk of Court is directed to enter judgment in accordance with this decision.<sup>3</sup>

IT IS SO ORDERED.

s/Brian H. Corcoran Brian H. Corcoran Chief Special Master

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> Pursuant to Vaccine Rule 11(a), entry of judgment can be expedited by the parties' joint filing of notice renouncing the right to seek review.

### IN THE UNITED STATES COURT OF FEDERAL CLAIMS OFFICE OF SPECIAL MASTERS

| BALTAZAR PEDRAZA,       |                                 |
|-------------------------|---------------------------------|
|                         | )                               |
| Detitioner              | )                               |
| Petitioner,             | )                               |
|                         | ) No. 21-161V                   |
| <b>V.</b>               | ) Chief Special Master Corcoran |
|                         | ) ECF                           |
| SECRETARY OF HEALTH AND | )                               |
| HUMAN SERVICES,         | )                               |
|                         | )                               |
| Respondent.             | )                               |
|                         | )                               |

## RESPONDENT'S PROFFER ON AWARD OF COMPENSATION

On January 6, 2021, Baltazar Pedraza ("petitioner") filed a petition for compensation under the National Childhood Vaccine Injury Act of 1986, 42 U.S.C. §§ 300aa-1 *et seq*. ("Vaccine Act" or "Act"). Petitioner alleges that he suffered a shoulder injury related to the vaccine administration ("SIRVA") as a result of an influenza ("flu") vaccine administered in his right shoulder on September 25, 2019. Petition at 1. *See* Petition at 1. On June 21, 2022, the Secretary of Health and Human Services ("respondent") filed a Rule 4(c) Report indicating that this case is appropriate for compensation under the terms of the Act for a SIRVA Table injury, and on June 23, 2022, the Chief Special Master issued a Ruling on Entitlement finding petitioner entitled to compensation. ECF No. 27; ECF No. 29.

### I. <u>Items of Compensation</u>

#### A. Pain and Suffering

Respondent proffers that petitioner should be awarded \$67,500.00 in pain and suffering. See 42 U.S.C. § 300aa-15(a)(4). Petitioner agrees.

This amount represents all elements of compensation to which petitioner is entitled under 42 U.S.C. § 300aa-15(a). Petitioner agrees.

## II. Form of the Award

Petitioner is a competent adult. Evidence of guardianship is not required in this case.

Respondent recommends that the compensation provided to petitioner should be made through one lump sum payment as described below and requests that the Chief Special Master's decision and the Court's judgment award the following<sup>1</sup>: a lump sum payment of \$67,500.00, in the form of a check payable to petitioner.

## III. Summary of Recommended Payment Following Judgment

Lump sum payable to petitioner, Baltazar Pedraza: \$67,500.00

Respectfully submitted,

BRIAN M. BOYNTON
Principal Deputy Assistant Attorney General

C. SALVATORE D'ALESSIO Director Torts Branch, Civil Division

HEATHER L. PEARLMAN Deputy Director Torts Branch, Civil Division

DARRYL R. WISHARD Assistant Director Torts Branch, Civil Division

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<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Should petitioner die prior to entry of judgment, the parties reserve the right to move the Court for appropriate relief. In particular, respondent would oppose any award for future pain and suffering.

s/ Ronalda E. Kosh RONALDA E. KOSH Trial Attorney Torts Branch, Civil Division U.S. Department of Justice P.O. Box 146 Benjamin Franklin Station Washington, D.C. 20044-0146

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DATED: November 2, 2022